NUMB. 328.

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From SATURDAY *May* 31, to SATURDAY *June* 7, 1740.

CHARLES-TOWN, June 7.

WEDNESDAY the 28th of *May* laſt, purſuant to his Honour the Lieutenant Governor's Proclamation, was obſerved throughout this Province as a Day of Humiliation, Faſting and Prayer, to deprecate the Calamities of War, and to implore the divine Protection and Favour; to pray for Succeſs to his Majeſty's Arms in General, and in particular, to the Troops from this *Province* and *Georgia* under the Command of General *Oglethorpe* in the Siege of *St. Auguſtine* in *Florida*. And

On Saturday laſt, we received the agreeable News, that the General with the Troops of *Georgia* and *Carolina* had reduced the *Fort St Diego*, and had reconnoit'red the Country within a League of the Gates of *St Auguſtine*. *Fort St. Diego* is ſcituate about ſeven ſmall Leagues from *St. Auguſtine* in a fine Country, well watered and abounding with Cattle, which the *Spaniards* had neglected to drive up, and which therefore fell into our Hands: The Fort was garriſon'd with 48 private Men, commanded by Two Serjeants, and are part of the Troops that were in the Service at *Oran*: There were two large and Eleven ſmaller Pieces of Cannon mounted in the Fort, and altho' they kept a brisk Fire, from the Fort, all the Night, they the next Morning on a Summons from the *General* ſurrendered Priſoners of War; and which is moſt ſurpriſing, before they had loſt one ſingle Man, and without allowing Time for Relief to come in to their Aſſiſtance from *St. Auguſtine*. This precipitate Surrender muſt certainly be owing to a *Pannick* which ſtrikes the *Spaniards* on the Sight of the *Engliſh* Troops; or ought I not rather attribute it to the *kind* and *generous* Treatment which all the Priſoners find who have hitherto fallen in the Power of the Engliſh.

THIS Place is eſteem'd to be of great Importance in the preſent War, as it will afford our Troops a conſtant Supply of freſh Proviſions, and a ſafe Reception for thoſe Men that may happen in the Siege to be ſick or wounded; and the Succeſs attending this firſt Attempt by Land after the Encampment of our Troops on the *Florida Shore*, may we hope be looked upon as a happy Prelude to the Reduction of *St. Auguſtine* itſelf. Thus much is certain, that the *Spaniards* have now loſt above 100 of their beſt Men, which is a great Loſs out of a Garriſon of about 300 Men. For another ſignal Service was performed by Capt. PETER WARREN in his Majeſty's Ship the *Squirrel*, in taking the two Sloops commanded by *Don Domingo de la Croix*, bound from *St Auguſtine* to the *Havannah* & Cape *St Francois* for a Supply of Proviſions, one of which Capt *Warren* ran on Shore and entirely deſtroy'd, and the other, in which *Don Domingo* commanded, he took with about 50 Men, and which were ſome of their Beſt; all Circumſtances ſeem to conſpire to deliver them into our Hands. Therefore, TE DEUM LAUDAMUS.

We hear from the Camp before *St. Auguſtine*, that Capt. *Malachy Glaze*, Captain of one the Companies of Volunteers, lately died there of the Flux.

Extract of a private Letter to a Gentleman in this Place dated *New York*, *May* 5, 1740.

Saturday Afternoon laſt arrived here our Privateer, Capt Luſh, with his Prizes (two Sloops) eſteemed the Richeſt taken by any Privateer in this War (each Man having already receiv'd 425 Pieces of Eight) and the Cargoes conſiſting of Cocoa, &c. &c. and a great many Cloaths, being yet to be divided. Luſh took them going from Porto-Bello to Carthagena; Beſides which he took out of a French Veſſel going to Coracoa, a Spaniſh Gentleman with his Effects, to the Amount of above 22000 Pieces of Eight.

When Luſh landed, he was rowed on Shore by his Men in rich laced embroidered Cloaths taken from the Spaniards. The Guns from the Ships in the Harbour fired and the Docks were crouded with the Populace. Soon after Luſh had taken one theſe Prizes, he met with a Spaniſh Privateer with 130 Men, who came up to him and demanded the Prize to be releaſed to him, which Luſh refuſing, an Engagement followed, in which the Spaniard loſt a great many Men, and was forc'd to ſheer off, tho' Luſh had at that Time but 35 Men on board his Sloop, the reſt being on Board the Prizes and on Shore: But as the Privateer's People are too buſy in making merry with the Money we muſt defer further Particulars.

We hear that the Spaniards in New Spain, having heard of a Britiſh Expedition deſign'd againſt them, many of the Inhabitants of the Iſland of Cuba are daily, as they have an Opportunity, running away to Hiſpaniola; others ſit ſtill, having privately ſignifi'd that they had rather live under an Engliſh Government.

By Veſſels from Jamica we are inform'd, that Admiral Vernon has been at Carthagena with the Fleet under his Command that while he lay there he threw upwards of 300 Bombs in the Town, which it muſt be ſuppoſed has done conſiderable damage, ſeveral Places being ſeen in Flames before he left it; but the Admiral having had three of his Ships diſabled by bad Weather in going, occaſioned him to leave the Place. When the Fleet left Carthagena they ſail'd for Porto Bello to refit, after which they intend for Chagre, a Town to the Leward of Porto Bello, where there is good Caſtles, and the Spaniards are ſaid to have carried a great deal of Treaſure: Two of the Fleet at the ſame Time deſign to take Manaco a ſmall Place on the Iſland of Cuba.

By private Letters from *Virginia* and *Philadelphia*, we are inform'd that they are enliſting Men throughout both Provinces with all poſſible Speed, on Account of an important Expedition now on Foot, for attacking and plundering the moſt valuable Part of the *Spaniſh Weſt Indies*. We hear the Right Hon. the Lord *Cathcart* is to command theſe Forces.

We hear from *North Carolina*, that 1000 ſtout able Men are already enliſted at that Place on Account of the above Expedition, which are be commanded by Colo. *Hutton*.

From Philadelphia we hear that the St. George, Privateer, belonging to that Place, and commanded by Capt. Agee

Axon has already taken (near La Guaira) a Spaniſh Veſſel with 23000 Weight of Cocoa on board, and a ſmall Quantity of Silver.

Some time before our Forces ſet out upon the Expedition againſt St. Auguſtine, Capt. Warren being cruiſing off that Place, was becalmed within 4 Leagues of the Shore, which being ſeen from that Caſtle, the Governor ſent out in the Night, 6 Half-Galleys and 2 Lances, having each 2 9 Pounders in their Bow, and about 400 Men in all, with an Intent to board the Man of War before Break of Day. But there being juſt Light enough to perceive them about half a Mile Diſtance; ſuch a Preparation was made for them and his Men behaved ſo briskly, that they did not venture to come within Reach of the Squirrel's Guns, but continued firing their 9 Pounders which carried much further than hers, at ſo great a Diſtance off that ſcarce any of their Shot reach'd her; 'till paſt one at Noon, when a ſmall Breeze ariſing, which enabled the Squirrel to work about, put them in ſo great a Fright, that they all tacked, and with Sails and Oars made the beſt of their Way into the Harbour. Capt. Warren purſued them, and tho' he had not Wind enough to come up with them to run them down (as he intended) one by one, yet he did ſo much Miſchief to them, that two of them ſunk immediately after in the Harbour. *It muſt be acknowledged in this Action attended with ſo remarkable Circumſtances*, the SPANIARDS behaved like ——— ——— ——— ——— ——— ——— themſelves.

On Tueſday laſt one our Pilot Boats met the Sloop Savanna which had then been 8 Days on her Voyage from Lewis Town in Penſylvania for Georgia, with the Rev. Mr. Whitefield on Board, having preach'd 68 times (being about 40 Days on ſhore) in the Provinces of Penſylvania, New-York, and New-Jerſeys. His Congregations conſiſted (we hear) ſometimes from 4 and 5000 to 15000 Perſons, and once at Philadelphia it was computed to 20000. We hear alſo that he had collected near 500 £ Sterling in Money and Proviſions for the Orphan-Houſe in Georgia, and that Great and viſible Effects follow'd his Preaching almoſt whereſoever he went eſpecially in Penſylvania.

He intends to viſit New England very ſoon, and if poſſible to call at Charles-Town before he ſets out for that Place.

A Letter from a Gentleman in Brunſwick, Cape-Fear, to his Friend in Charleſtown.

SIR,

We were a little ſurprized here, to find in your Gazette of the 15th of *April* laſt, (*No.* 320) an Article from *Wilmington Cape-Fear, March* 15th, with theſe Words; *viz.* This Place formerly known by the Name of *Newton*, was by *Act of Aſſembly*, eſtabliſh'd a Town by the Name of *Wilmington* with Priviledge of ſending a Member to the Aſſembly, and having the County Courts fix'd there; And this being "declar'd the moſt central & convenient Place of the Port "of *Brunſwick*, The Collector & Naval Officers were or-"der'd to hold their Offices here.

You who know the Scituations of *Newton*, and *Brunſwick* may Perhaps think it a little ſtrange, An Act ſhould paſs which lays ſo great a Clogg upon Trade; but ſtill a little ſtranger, if I ſhould venture to aſſure you, that ſeveral Gentlemen here are Humbly of Opinion that the Place formerly known by the Name of *Newton* ought ſtill to be known by that Name, and no other, becauſe they apprehend no Act of the General aſſembly has paſs'd in this Province, to change it to that of *Wilmington*; unleſs two Parts of the Legiſlature out of three are Sufficient for that Purpoſe: His Majeſty's Council on the Bill being equally divided, but the firſt Councellor aſſuming to himſelf the Priviledge of two Votes, one as Councellor and the other as Chairman, the Bill was ſo carry'd, and in that Manner received the Governour's Aſſent, Perhaps the firſt Inſtance of that kind in the King's Dominions.

Four Gentlemen of the Council out of eight, who had the Misfortune to diſſent, from the paſſing this Bill, Did accordingly proteſt, as well againſt the Manner of paſſing it as the Matters contain'd in it; which it is hop'd may have ſome Weight elſewhere tho' it was Laught at here.

It is likewiſe with great Submiſſion apprehended here that ſhould the whole Legiſlature, of *North Carolina*, in the moſt regular & Authentick Manner declare this *Newton* (or *Wilmington* if you pleaſe,) to be the moſt central and convenint Place of the Port of *Brunſwick, both for Exportation and Importation*; Theſe are the words of the Bill, Yet ſuch a declaration will not amount to a Proof of the Fact nor remove a large ſhoal lying between that and *Brunſwick*, which no Veſſel of above 10 Feet Draught of Water can paſs without Hazard of grounding; Nor will it convince the world of the Neceſſity of Laying ſo grea a Burthen upon Trade, as to oblige every Maſter of a Veſſel not bound to *Newton* to go Fifteen Miles to enter & clear, very often impracticable for ſeveral Days together from bad Weather, in which Caſe as the time limitted by Act of Parliament for making a Report muſt be elaps'd; The Conſequence is Forfeiture of Veſſel and Cargo if the Officers ſhall pleaſe to take the Advantage.

Nor laſtly, will ſuch a declaration it is humbly conceiv'd be deem'd a ſufficient reaſon for leaving ſo large a Gap open for a Clandeſtine Trade, as muſt inevitably follow from the Removal of the Officers ſo far up the River.

Before I leave this Subject, I cannot but take notice how artfully the Advertiſement before mention'd is conceiv'd, and that in two Particulars.

The firſt is, And this (*Wilmington*) being declar'd the "moſt central and convenient Place of the Port of *Brunſ-*"*wick*," *In the Bill it is added as I ſaid before*, both *for Exportation and Importation*, But theſe Words were cunningly left out becauſe tho' they might be neceſſary to lye aſleep in the Bill, yet to publiſh ſuch a Declaration, liable to be contradicted by every Man who has once ſeen this River, would not be quite ſo prudent.

Secondly, after making this partial Declaration it follows. "The Collector and naval Officers were at the "ſame Time order'd to hold their Offices here" How were they order'd? Why by the Bill itſelf, and that under the Penalty of Five Pounds Proclamation Money for every Month they ſhall neglect ſo to do But this likewiſe was not thought convenient to inform the Publick of, for what Reaſon, I am not certain, and therefore leave it to time to diſcover, I am,

Sir,

Yours, &c.

Brunſwick, Cape Fear, May 1, 1740.

O Turbidum Hominum Genium.

Mr. TIMOTHY,

As this World is a Stage, and one Man in his Turn plays many Parts; and as Mr. T *made no Doubt but* Mr. C's *late* elaborate *Piece, would be acceptable to* moſt *of your Readers, ſo I doubt not, but what is here offer'd, will be accepted by the* wiſer few *that are left. It is a Copy of a Letter ſent to a Friend in the Country, which pleaſe to inſert and you will likewiſe oblige*

Your moſt humble Servant.

Z———

Charleſtown, May 29, 1740.

Reſpected Friend,

ACCORDING to your Requeſt, I here ſend you incloſ'd the laſt Gazette, the *Frontiſpiece* of which is the *ſpurious* Production of a diſtemper'd Brain, occaſion'd by the Infirmneſs of the Intellects of Mr. WOULD BE, a Poet. Methinks 'tis a Pity, that noble Art, which was only practis'd in its Infant Days to celebrate due Praiſe to the great Parent of Nature, and to immortalize the Heroick Actions of true Lovers of their Country, and to ſet forth the ineſtimable Value of Virtue and *unſpotted* Innocence, ſhould now a Days be adapted to the Temper and Diſpoſition of every cenſorious foul-mouth'd Proſecutor, who inſtead of improving their Talent in a proper Way, do not ſtick at calumniating the *true* Miniſters of the Goſpel, but would (were it in their Power) un-hinge the very Order of Nature, and value not their *own* Deſtruction, ſo that Religion and its *true* Profeſſors might periſh with them —I leave you to judge as you pleaſe of the late Poetry, (if it is pardonable to call it ſo) But I think it a very Rhapſody of Inconſiſtencies, huddled together in a confus'd ſenceleſs Stile, and no doubt ſounds as bad in the Ears of impartial Judges as the Grating of a Saw againſt a Nail, or the Roaring of a Bull to the Muſick of the moſt accompliſh'd Muſician; and altho' he would pretend to the *generous* Principles of a Lyon, yet is as errant an Aſs as ever bray'd.

Many

Near Philip's *Church without controul,*
Lives a Badge of the Sea when it does roul:
By Nature vile, and most morrose
Made up of all her coarsest Dross;
The Dregs of all the finish'd World
Which from her Seat in Scorn was hurl'd
Which lighting on a boggy Fenn,
In Vapours rose a Sect of Men:
Likewise a modern, faithless Bard
Who Whitefield's Doctrine would discard.
His Name I dare to say is Legion,
A Factor for th' Infernal Region.
Or else why is he so bold to tell,
Many'd make him as a Log for Hell;
And Logs will make a Fire you know,
Superior to the Flax or driest Tow
But still its Period all Mankind do know.
But I am afraid it will be worse
With him when he shall hear the Curse
Pronounc'd against the Unbelievers,
Then it will be known who are Deceivers.
Those who preach Original Sin
And the lost State that we are in,
And do maintain that one and all.
Are void of Grace by Adam's *Fall.*
Or these that love to lol in Chaise.
And freely think that Heaven's Ways
Are wide enough that they in Sin,
May whip their Horse and so ride in!
But Oh that such wou'd once be wise,
And learn Eternal Happiness to prize,
And escape the Terrors of the burning Lake
For Christ *our only Saviour's Sake.*

Which that all the World may do, is the hearty Prayer of

Your real Friend
and humble Servant,

Z———

Custom House, Charlestown,
Entered inwards,

Rice from Hamburgh. Stretcher from Frederica. Rogers from Rh. Island. Palmer from Boston. Haday from N Carolina. Harramond & Lumsdane from London.

Entred out.

Rice for Cowes, and Stretcher for Philadelphia.

Clear'd for Departure.

Gibbs to London, Fraser and Shedden to Providence.

EXPORTED from *Nov.* 1, 1739.

	Barrels of
Rice 53916.	Tarr 1567.
Pitch 7552.	Turpentine 75.

PRICE of the following Goods.

Rice 25 to 30 s. *per C.*	Turpentine 15 s. to 20 s.
Pitch 40 s.	Skins 17 to 18 s.
Tar 35 s.	Indian Corn 7 s. 6 d.

Advertisement.

IMPORTD this Week in the *Charles Henry Harramond* from LONDON, and TO BE SOLD by SIMMONS SMITH and Comp. at their Store in Broad-Street.

A VERY LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN & EAST INDIA GOODS. Consisting of most Articles usually Imported into this Province, and proper for the Season, also Vidonia Wine, Good Rice deliver'd by the 15th of *July* next at Market price will be taken in Payment for any debts due to Mr. *James Crokatt* & our themselves.

Just Imported in the Europa Capt Lumsdane, And to be Sold by *Steel & Hume* at their Store the Corner House the lower end of Broad-Street a choice assortment of Goods proper for the season, & to be sold at a very reasonable rate.

Just Imported in the *Charles*, Henry Harramond Master, from London, & to be sold by *George Seaman*, at his Store on the Bay, All Sorts of Goods proper for the Season, the Particulars too tedious to be mention'd

N B. All Persons who are any Ways indebted to *Crokatt and Seaman, George Seaman* and Comp. or the Estate of *John Johnstone* deceas'd are desired to come and Discharge their Respective Debts, or they will be sued without further Notice.

This is to give Notice to all Persons who have any Demands on the Estates of Bryan Kelly or Darby Machaughlan, that without delay they make known their several Claims & bring in their Accounts duely attested unto me, and for the more speedy & Effectual Discharge of all such debts, I do hereby Advertise that on the 15 of this Instant, at my house in *New Windsor* will be sold for ready Money all and singular the Effects of the said Estates, And any Person who is a Just & lawful Creditor & brings along with them his Vouchers may then and there receive Payment of his Debt in such Goods or Effects either in Cattle or Furniture as shall best please him, And I do strictly require all those who are Indebted to the said Estates of Bryan Kelly or Maclaughlan, that they make immediate payment of their several Debts & prevent themselves & me from further trouble & Expences.

John Craig.

Just Imported and to be sold by *Henry Harramond* a choice parcel of European & India Goods very reasonable for ready Money The said Harramond desires all Persons indebted to him to discharge their respective Debts by the 15th of this instant, he intending by that time to go for Holland with his Family. All those who have Demands on the said Harramond are desired to bring in their Accounts in order to be discharged. Who has a Negro Boy and Wench to hire in about 5 Weeks time.

Just Imported in the Ship *Charles* Henry Harramond from *London*, & to be sold by Nicklefon and Shubrick, at their Store on the Bay, double & single refin'd sugar, Men & Womens Gloves & Mittens, fine Beaver, Felt & Castor Hats, 3 4th 7 8th Garlix, Platilloes, Cambrick, variety of Lace, Edgings, sewing Silk, Oznabrig and Scotch Thread, chequed Shirts for the Indian Trade, Mens Womens Silver Buckles and Scop Ladles, Silk & Cashmaneo Shoes, India Damasks, Paduloys, Taffeties, Persians, Chints, & striped Ginghams, & printed Calicoes, Cordage, frying Pans, with sundry sorts of Iron Work, Welch Plains, Millinary Ware, Pewter, Bohea Tea, Stationary, Bed Tick & Feathers, with sundry sorts of other Goods.

Just imported in the Ship Charles, Henry Harramond from London, and to be sold by Yeomans and Escott, 7 8th and yard wide garlix, cambricks, China damasks, taffeties, platilloes, long lawns, oznabrigs, danadars, 6 4th and ell wide colleas, tunjeebs, Humhums, Mucktahs, sonfeys, Romals, 3 4th 7 8th and yard wide chequ'd linnens, coarsing diaper, spring knives, brass kettles, round ey'd and square pole hatchets, strip'd duffils, strouds, powder, bullets, Guns, cutlasses, girdles, 3 4th and 7 8th Dowlas, gulix hollands, rabling diaper, printed Linnens, nankeens and duroys Also extraordinary good Limejuice, Corn Mill stones and loaf sugar.

Taken out of the Shop of Matthias Johnson Breeches maker on the 26th of May last, a pair of English Buckskin Breeches, with a whole flap, a sprig worm up the knee, & several flaws draw'd up, whosoever will give information of them or bring them, to the above named Place shall be well rewarded by *Matthias Johnson*

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE IN Charlestown.

May 31. A Tall Negro fellow named Tony, talks little or no English, can't tell his Master's Name has nothing on but a blancket tahken up in Mr. Belinger's Barn by his Overseer.

June 4 Two Negro Fellows, named Sampson and Cuffee speak no English. Cuffee is a short Fellow with a Dent in his right Cheek had on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches and Brown Wollen Cap. Samson, has on a white Negro Cloth Jacket and Breeches taken up by Mr. John Robinson Butcher at his Plantation.

Brought to Goal in Charles-Town:

A tall Gambia Negro fellow with a white Negro Cloth Jacket & Breeches, taken up at Mrs. Jones's Plantation at Wadmelaw by one of her Negroes,

Run away Negro Girl named Soe belonging to Mr. Rivers, taken up in Charlestown, by a Negroe fellow belonging to Mr. John Daniel.